

# Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

Test results for the 23 problems in "4.6.1.4 (d cot)<sup>n</sup> (a+b csc)<sup>m</sup>.m"

Problem 1: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\tan[x]^4}{a + a \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 55 leaves, 5 steps) :

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{(15 - 8 \csc[x]) \tan[x]}{15 a} + \frac{(5 - 4 \csc[x]) \tan[x]^3}{15 a} - \frac{(1 - \csc[x]) \tan[x]^5}{5 a}$$

Result (type 3, 111 leaves) :

$$\left( 200 + 6 (-89 + 120 x) \cos[x] + 128 \cos[2x] - 178 \cos[3x] + 240 x \cos[3x] + 184 \cos[4x] - 64 \sin[x] - 178 \sin[2x] + 240 x \sin[2x] - 128 \sin[3x] - 89 \sin[4x] + 120 x \sin[4x] \right) / \\ \left( 960 a \left( \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right)^3 \left( \cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right)^5 \right)$$

Problem 5: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot[x]}{a + a \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 9 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{\log[1 + \sin[x]]}{a}$$

Result (type 3, 19 leaves) :

$$\frac{2 \log\left[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right]}{a}$$

Problem 7: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot[x]^3}{a + a \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{\csc[x]}{a} - \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a}$$

Result (type 3, 35 leaves) :

$$-\frac{\cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{2 a} - \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a} - \frac{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{2 a}$$

**Problem 8:** Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot[x]^4}{a + a \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 31 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]]}{2 a} + \frac{\cot[x] (2 - \csc[x])}{2 a}$$

Result (type 3, 90 leaves):

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{2 a} - \frac{\csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{8 a} + \frac{\log[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]]}{2 a} - \frac{\log[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]]}{2 a} + \frac{\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{8 a} - \frac{\tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{2 a}$$

**Problem 9:** Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot[x]^5}{a + a \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 36 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{\csc[x]}{a} + \frac{\csc[x]^2}{2 a} - \frac{\csc[x]^3}{3 a} + \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a}$$

Result (type 3, 106 leaves):

$$\frac{5 \cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{12 a} + \frac{\csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{8 a} - \frac{\cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{24 a} + \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a} + \frac{\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{8 a} + \frac{5 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{12 a} - \frac{\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{24 a}$$

**Problem 10:** Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot[x]^6}{a + a \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{3 \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\cos[x]]}{8 a} + \frac{\cot[x]^3 (4 - 3 \csc[x])}{12 a} - \frac{\cot[x] (8 - 3 \csc[x])}{8 a}$$

Result (type 3, 163 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{2 \cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{3 a} + \frac{5 \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{32 a} + \frac{\cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{24 a} - \frac{\csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4}{64 a} - \frac{3 \log[\cos\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]]}{8 a} + \\ & \frac{3 \log[\sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]]}{8 a} - \frac{5 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2}{32 a} + \frac{\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4}{64 a} + \frac{2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{3 a} - \frac{\sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]}{24 a} \end{aligned}$$

### Problem 11: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot[x]^7}{a + a \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 58 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\csc[x]}{a} - \frac{\csc[x]^2}{a} + \frac{2 \csc[x]^3}{3a} + \frac{\csc[x]^4}{4a} - \frac{\csc[x]^5}{5a} - \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a}$$

Result (type 3, 179 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{89 \cot[\frac{x}{2}]}{240a} - \frac{7 \csc[\frac{x}{2}]^2}{32a} + \frac{31 \cot[\frac{x}{2}] \csc[\frac{x}{2}]^2}{480a} + \frac{\csc[\frac{x}{2}]^4}{64a} - \frac{\cot[\frac{x}{2}] \csc[\frac{x}{2}]^4}{160a} - \\ & \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a} - \frac{7 \sec[\frac{x}{2}]^2}{32a} + \frac{\sec[\frac{x}{2}]^4}{64a} - \frac{89 \tan[\frac{x}{2}]}{240a} + \frac{31 \sec[\frac{x}{2}]^2 \tan[\frac{x}{2}]}{480a} - \frac{\sec[\frac{x}{2}]^4 \tan[\frac{x}{2}]}{160a} \end{aligned}$$

### Problem 12: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\tan[x]^5}{a + b \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 178 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{16(a+b)(1-\csc[x])^2} + \frac{5a+7b}{16(a+b)^2(1-\csc[x])} + \frac{1}{16(a-b)(1+\csc[x])^2} + \\ & \frac{5a-7b}{16(a-b)^2(1+\csc[x])} - \frac{(8a^2+21ab+15b^2)\log[1-\csc[x]]}{16(a+b)^3} - \\ & \frac{(8a^2-21ab+15b^2)\log[1+\csc[x]]}{16(a-b)^3} + \frac{b^6\log[a+b\csc[x]]}{a(a^2-b^2)^3} - \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 301 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{16(a+b\csc[x])} \csc[x] \left( \frac{\frac{32i(a^5-3a^3b^2+3ab^4)x}{(a-b)^3(a+b)^3}}{} - \right. \\ & \frac{2i(8a^2-21ab+15b^2)\text{ArcTan}[\cot[x]]}{(a-b)^3} - \frac{2i(8a^2+21ab+15b^2)\text{ArcTan}[\cot[x]]}{(a+b)^3} + \\ & \frac{(8a^2-21ab+15b^2)\log[(\cos[\frac{x}{2}]+\sin[\frac{x}{2}])^2]}{(-a+b)^3} - \frac{(8a^2+21ab+15b^2)\log[1-\sin[x]]}{(a+b)^3} + \\ & \frac{16b^6\log[b+a\sin[x]]}{a(a^2-b^2)^3} + \frac{1}{(a+b)(\cos[\frac{x}{2}]-\sin[\frac{x}{2}])^4} + \frac{1}{(a-b)(\cos[\frac{x}{2}]+\sin[\frac{x}{2}])^4} + \\ & \left. \frac{-7a+9b}{(a-b)^2(\cos[\frac{x}{2}]+\sin[\frac{x}{2}])^2} + \frac{7a+9b}{(a+b)^2(-1+\sin[x])} \right) (b+a\sin[x]) \end{aligned}$$

### Problem 17: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot[x]^5}{a + b \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 72 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{(a^2 - 2 b^2) \csc[x]}{b^3} + \frac{a \csc[x]^2}{2 b^2} - \frac{\csc[x]^3}{3 b} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^2 \log[a + b \csc[x]]}{a b^4} + \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a}$$

Result (type 3, 179 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{48 a b^4} \left( (-24 a^3 b + 44 a b^3) \cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 6 a^2 b^2 \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - 48 a^4 \log[\sin[x]] + 96 a^2 b^2 \log[\sin[x]] + \right. \\ & 48 a^4 \log[b + a \sin[x]] - 96 a^2 b^2 \log[b + a \sin[x]] + 48 b^4 \log[b + a \sin[x]] + 6 a^2 b^2 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - \\ & \left. 16 a b^3 \csc[x]^3 \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 - a b^3 \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \sin[x] - 24 a^3 b \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 44 a b^3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

### Problem 18: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\cot[x]^7}{a + b \csc[x]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 122 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{(a^4 - 3 a^2 b^2 + 3 b^4) \csc[x]}{b^5} + \frac{a (a^2 - 3 b^2) \csc[x]^2}{2 b^4} - \frac{(a^2 - 3 b^2) \csc[x]^3}{3 b^3} + \\ & \frac{a \csc[x]^4}{4 b^2} - \frac{\csc[x]^5}{5 b} + \frac{(a^2 - b^2)^3 \log[a + b \csc[x]]}{a b^6} - \frac{\log[\sin[x]]}{a} \end{aligned}$$

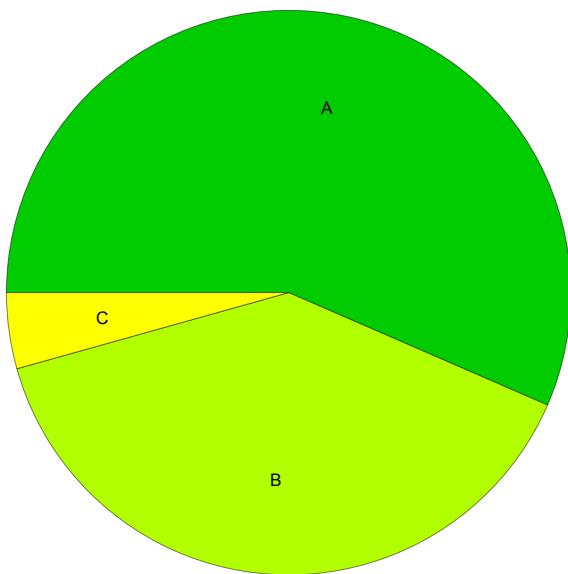
Result (type 3, 343 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{960 a b^6} \\ & \left( 4 a b (120 a^4 - 340 a^2 b^2 + 309 b^4) \cot\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - 30 a^2 b^2 (4 a^2 - 11 b^2) \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + 960 a^6 \log[\sin[x]] - \right. \\ & 2880 a^4 b^2 \log[\sin[x]] + 2880 a^2 b^4 \log[\sin[x]] - 960 a^6 \log[b + a \sin[x]] + \\ & 2880 a^4 b^2 \log[b + a \sin[x]] - 2880 a^2 b^4 \log[b + a \sin[x]] + 960 b^6 \log[b + a \sin[x]] - \\ & 120 a^4 b^2 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 + 330 a^2 b^4 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^2 - 15 a^2 b^4 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + \\ & 320 a^3 b^3 \csc[x]^3 \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 - 816 a b^5 \csc[x]^3 \sin\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 + 3 a b^5 \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^6 \sin[x] + \\ & a b^3 \csc\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 (-15 a b + 20 a^2 \sin[x] - 51 b^2 \sin[x]) + 480 a^5 b \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] - \\ & \left. 1360 a^3 b^3 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 1236 a b^5 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] + 6 a b^5 \sec\left[\frac{x}{2}\right]^4 \tan\left[\frac{x}{2}\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

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## Summary of Integration Test Results

23 integration problems



A - 13 optimal antiderivatives

B - 9 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 1 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 0 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts